PMath 360, Geometry, Set 3b The far off point

Two lines M1 and M2 are given on a page. Also on the page is a point P not on either M1 or M2. The two lines might be parallel or not, but you can not tell which. Your problem is to find a straightedge (only) construction that will work in either case, M1 and M2 parallel or not) will enables you to draw a line through P, which, if extended, would pass through the far off point. Use the Theorem of Desargues in your construction. For this problem, submit a figure and a listing of the details of construction which tell how to do the job. Your details should list all the steps, in order.

Bonus question

Again consider the point P and the two lines M1 and M2. Use the Pappus Configuration to solve the problem of the far off point.

Hint: One way to approach this task is to create an independent Pappus Configuration and move the lines and points around until one point, maybe A3, is forced to move far off the page but the others stay on the page. Now align that figure so that M1 and M2 below match up with two lines in your figure. Use this as a model from which you create your solution. Include a detailed account of your construction.

